## Number Theory Handout #5

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## 1 Problems

**1.** An integer-valued function f satisfies f(2) = 4 and f(mn) = f(m)f(n) for all integers m and n. If f is an increasing function, determine f(2015).

2. The number  $2^{29}$  has a 9-digit decimal representation that contains all but one of the 10 (decimal) digits. Determine which digit is missing.

**3.** Determine the largest integer n such that  $2^n$  divides the decimal representation given by some permutation of the digits 2, 0, 1, and 5. (For example,  $2^1$  divides 2150. It may start with 0.)

4. Determine the greatest integer N such that N is a divisor of  $n^{13} - n$  for all integers n.

5. There exists a unique pair of positive integers k, n such that k is divisible by 6, and  $\sum_{i=1}^{k} i^2 = n^2$ . Find (k, n).

6. Determine the smallest positive integer containing only 0 and 1 as digits that is divisible by each integer 1 through 9.

7. There exist right triangles with integer side lengths such that the legs differ by 1. For example, 3-4-5 and 20-21-29 are two such right triangles. What is the perimeter of the next smallest Pythagorean right triangle with legs differing by 1?

8. When  $20^{16}$  is divided by  $16^{20}$  and expressed in decimal form, what is the number of digits to the right of the decimal point? Trailing zeroes should not be included.

**9.** Let  $2016 = a_1 \times a_2 \times \cdots \times a_n$  for some positive integers  $a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n$ . Compute the smallest possible value of  $a_1 + a_2 + \cdots + a_n$ .

10. Find the number of zeroes at the end of  $(2016!)^{2016}$ . Your answer should be an integer, not its prime factorization.

11. What is the sum of all positive integers less than 30 divisible by 2, 3, or 5?

**12.** Let  $g_0 = 1$ ,  $g_1 = 2$ ,  $g_2 = 3$ , and  $g_n = g_{n-1} + 2g_{n-2} + 3g_{n-3}$ . For how many  $0 \le i \le 100$  is it that  $g_i$  is divisible by 5?

**13.** Define  $r_n$  to be the number of integer solutions to  $x^2 + y^2 = n$ . Determine  $\lim_{n \to \inf} \frac{r_1 + r_2 + \dots + r_n}{n}$ .

14. How many integers less than 400 have exactly 3 factors that are perfect squares?

15. For how many numbers n does 2017 divided by n have a remainder of either 1 or 2?

## 2 Sources

2015 Berkeley Math Tournament Spring Individual Problem 6
2015 Berkeley Math Tournament Spring Individual Problem 9
2015 Berkeley Math Tournament Spring Discrete Problem 2
2015 Berkeley Math Tournament Spring Discrete Problem 4
2015 Berkeley Math Tournament Spring Discrete Problem 9
2015 Berkeley Math Tournament Spring Team Problem 5
2015 Berkeley Math Tournament Spring Team Problem 13
2016 Berkeley Math Tournament Fall Individual Problem 17
2016 Berkeley Math Tournament Fall Team Problem 14
2016 Berkeley Math Tournament Fall Team Problem 16
2016 Berkeley Math Tournament Spring Individual Problem 1
2016 Berkeley Math Tournament Spring Individual Problem 6
2016 Berkeley Math Tournament Spring Individual Problem 6