## Number Theory Handout #8 Walker Kroubalkian

## May 1, 2018

## 1 Problems

1. When the integer  $(\sqrt{3}+5)^{103} - (\sqrt{3}-5)^{103}$  is divided by 9, what is the remainder?

**2.** The value of 21! is 51,090,942,171,abc,440,000 where a, b, and c are digits. What is the value of 100a + 10b + c?

3. Find the smallest two-digit positive integer that is a divisor of 201020112012.

4. When Meena turned 16 years old, her parents gave her a cake with n candles, where n has exactly 16 different positive integer divisors. What is the smallest possible value of n?

5. The number 104,060,465 is divisible by a five-digit prime number. What is that prime number?

**6.** Let N be the number of ordered pairs of integers (x, y) such that

$$4x^2 + 9y^2 \le 1000000000.$$

Let a be the first digit of N (from the left) and let b be the second digit of N. What is the value of 10a + b?

7. The polynomial P is a quadratic with integer coefficients. For every positive integer n, the integers P(n) and P(P(n)) are relatively prime to n. If P(3) = 89, what is the value of P(10)?

8. What is the least positive integer n such that n! is a multiple of  $2012^{2012}$ ?

**9.** For how many ordered pairs of positive integers (x, y) is the least common multiple of x and y equal to 1,003,003,001?

10. When the binomial coefficient  $\binom{125}{64}$  is written out in base 10, how many zeros are at the rightmost end?

11. If n is a positive integer, let  $\phi(n)$  be the number of positive integers less than or equal to n that are relatively prime to n. Compute the value of the infinite sum

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\phi(n)2^n}{9^n - 2^n}.$$

Express your answer as a fraction in simplest form.

12. Say that an integer A is *yummy* if there exist several consecutive integers (including A) that add up to 2014. What is the smallest yummy integer?

13. Say that an integer  $n \ge 2$  is *delicious* if there exist n positive integers adding up to 2014 that have distinct remainders when divided by n. What is the smallest delicious integer?

14. There are N students in a class. Each possible nonempty group of students selected a positive integer. All of these integers are distinct and add up to 2014. Compute the greatest possible value of N.

**15.** For how many integers k such that  $0 \le k \le 2014$  is it true that the binomial coefficient  $\binom{2014}{k}$  is a multiple of 4?

## 2 Sources

- **1.** Math Prize For Girls 2009 Problem 9
- 2. Math Prize For Girls 2009 Problem 18
- **3.** Math Prize For Girls 2010 Problem 5
- 4. Math Prize For Girls 2010 Problem 8
- 5. Math Prize For Girls 2011 Problem 13
- 6. Math Prize For Girls 2011 Problem 16
- 7. Math Prize For Girls 2011 Problem 18
- 8. Math Prize For Girls 2012 Problem 3
- 9. Math Prize For Girls 2012 Problem 6
- **10.** Math Prize For Girls 2013 Problem 2
- **11.** Math Prize For Girls 2013 Problem 19
- **12.** Math Prize For Girls 2014 Problem 4
- **13.** Math Prize For Girls 2014 Problem 5
- 14. Math Prize For Girls 2014 Problem 6
- **15.** Math Prize For Girls 2014 Problem 18